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# Load the required packages
using ODE
using JLD
using ForwardDiff

# Set precision to quadruple precision (QP)
# QP has 113 bits of precision
set_bigfloat_precision(113);

# Number of subdivisions of the rope
global n = 40;

# Define the right-hand function
function rope(t,x)

    n2 = n*n; #  $n^2$ 
    n3by4 = convert{Int64,3*n/4}; #  $3n/4$ 

    # Force in x-direction
    Fx = parse{BigFloat,"0.4"};
    # Force in y-direction
    Fy = cosh(4*t-2.5)^(-4);

    # Compute required matrices
    c = -cos(x[1:n-1]-x[2:n]);
    cDiag = [one{BigFloat};
             2*ones{BigFloat,n-2};
             3*one{BigFloat}];
    C = spdiags(c,cDiag,c),(-1,0,1));

    d = -sin(x[1:n-1]-x[2:n]);
    D = spdiags(-d,d),(-1,1));

    # Compute the inhomogeneous term
    v = -(n2+n/2-n*[1:n;]).*sin(x[1:n])-n2*sin(x[1:n])*Fx;
    v[1:n3by4] = v[1:n3by4] + n2*cos(x[1:n3by4])*Fy;

    w = D*v+x[n+1:2*n].^2;
    u = C\w;

    # Write down the system
    return [x[n+1:2*n],C*v + D*u];
end

# Set up the initial conditions
t0 = zero{BigFloat};
T = parse{BigFloat,"3.723"};
x0 = zeros{BigFloat,2*n};

# Set the tolerance
Tol = parse{BigFloat,"1e-33"};

# Solve and get the solution at  $T = tEnd$ 
(t_rope,x_tmp_rope) = ode78(rope,x0,[t0;T];

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reltol=Tol, abstol=Tol, points=:specified);  
  
x_ref = Array{BigFloat}(n);  
  
x_ref[:] = x_tmp_rope[2,1][1:n];  
  
save("refSolRope.jld", "x_ref", x_ref);
```